**HPB MainNet User Manual**

**V2.6**

**HPB**

**September 2018**

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# Chapter 1: Overview

## 1.1 Applicable Versions

The Manual applies to the HPB BOE100 hardware unit and MainNet Software. See details below：

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Model** | **Versions** |
| BOE | BOE100 | Hardware：v1.1 |
| Firmware：v1.0.0.0 |
| MainNet Software | —— | V1.0.0.0 |

## 1.2 Terms Description

Please see the table below for description of HPB specific terms:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Name** | **Description** |
| 1 | BOE node | Refers to both Candidate Node and High-Performance node. |
| 2 | Synchronization Node | Refers to nodes that are without a BOE hardware unit and only used to synchronize blocks. |
| 3 | Candidate node | A Candidate-Node can become a HP-Node through consensus algorithm election. |
| 4 | High performance node | High Performance-Node responsible for block generation and synchronization. |
| 5 | Genesis file | File that contains information of genesis blocks. |
| 6 | Boot mode configuration | Changes the boot mode of the BOE hardware unit. |
| 7 | Flash boot mode | Switching to this mode can start the BOE hardware unit by reading programs from flash. |
| 8 | SD Card boot mode | Switching to this mode can start the BOE hardware unit by reading programs from SD card. |

## 1.3 Target users

The Manual is targeted at following users:

1. Node owners: Individuals or organizations run the HPB MainNet and receive block rewards for verifying transactions
2. DApp developers: Individuals and developer teams who develop distributed applications on the HPB blockchain.
3. Regular users: HPB account owners who are able to manage, initiate and process HPB transactions through HPB Wallet and download and use HPB MainNet DApp.

The Manual aims at providing guidance of HPB MainNet Node installation and regular maintenance to Node Owners.

## 1.4 Reading Guide

HPB MainNet Nodes consist of Node owners’ self-configured servers that are required to install the BOE100 hardware unit provided by HPB. Node owners are required to follow the following steps for installation and daily maintenance.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Steps** | **Target User** | **Descriptions** |
| 1 | **BOE100 hardware unit installation** | BOE Node owners | To set up the BOE hardware and the server, please refer to the “BOE100 Installation Manual”, or visit HPB’s official website for video instructions. |
| 2. | **Prerequisites to the MainNet software installation** | All users | Please check **1.4 Preparation for BOE Hardware Installation** and complete NTP installation in order to synchronize the local time with the internet. |
| 3. | **Go Environment setup (optional)** | All users | Two options for installing the HPB MainNet software:  1. Compiling the source code: Download the latest HPB source code on GitHub and compile it to generate an executable file for MainNet software installation. Go Environment setup is required (see chapter 2 for details).  2. Using the available executable file: Download the compiled the executable file from GitHub for direct installation of the MainNet software (skip chapter 2). |
| 4. | **Preoperational detection of BOE** | BOE Node owners | Detect the BOE hardware unit prior to the node operation to ensure the functionality of the hardware unit. See chapter 3 for detailed instructions on **BOE hardware detection**. |
| 5 | **BOE Node Setup** | BOE Node owners | Download process and operation of the MainNet application, running the BOE node and accessing the MainNet. See chapter 4 for detailed node setup instructions. This step is targeted at BOE Node owners. |
| 6 | **Synchronization Node Setup** | Regular users/DApp developers | Download process and operation of the MainNet application, running the synchronization node and accessing the MainNet. See chapter 5 for detailed synchronization node setup instruction. |
| 7 | **Account management and transactions** | All users | Account management and transaction order provided by the MainNet software. See chapter 6 for more details. |
| 8 | **BOE Firmware update** | BOE Node owners | For HPB BOE Firmware update. See chapter 7 for BOE Firmware update guidance. |
| 9 | **MainNet Update Instructions** | All users | For HPB mainnet software program update. See chapter 8 for MainNet Update Instructions. |

For more information please contact our HPB staff referencing to Technical Support.

## 1.5 Preparation for BOE Installation

Users are required to complete NTP installation in order to synchronize the local time with the Internet time server.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Contents | Steps | Descriptions |
| Step 1 | Download | Download the installation package | Command: **wget** *http://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz* |
| Step 2 | Decompress | Decompress the installation package | Command: **tar zxf** *ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz* |
| Step 3 | Set up | Switch root user | Command: **su root**  Enter root password as prompted |
| Enter the directory | Command: **cd** *ntp-4.2.8p12/* |
| Compile and install | Command: **./configure && make -j8 && make install** |
| Step 4 | Configuration | Configure DNS server | Command: **echo** *"nameserver 8.8.8.8"*  **>>** */etc/resolv.conf* |
| Configure synchronous clock | Command: **ntpdate** **cn.pool.ntp.org**  **Tip:** ‘**cn.pool.ntp.org**’ is the NTP server. Users outside China are required to choose other NTP servers based on their location. |
| Write in hardware | Command: **hwclock --systohc** |
| Exit | Command: **exit** |

A more detailed example of the preparation process is outlined below.

## 1.6 Example of NTP Installation:

1. Download NTP

Enter ‘**wget** [*http://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz*](http://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz)’. Wait until the process shows 100% for successful download;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ wget http://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz

--2018-08-27 20:39:08-- http://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz

Resolving www.eecis.udel.edu (www.eecis.udel.edu)... 128.4.31.8

Connecting to www.eecis.udel.edu (www.eecis.udel.edu)|128.4.31.8|:80... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Moved Temporarily

Location: https://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz [following]

--2018-08-27 20:39:09-- https://www.eecis.udel.edu/~ntp/ntp\_spool/ntp4/ntp-4.2/ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz

Connecting to www.eecis.udel.edu (www.eecis.udel.edu)|128.4.31.8|:443... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK

Length: 7079642 (6.8M) [application/x-gzip]

Saving to: ‘ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz’

ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz 100%[=================================================>] 6.75M 5.81KB/s in 18m 56s

2018-08-27 20:58:07 (6.08 KB/s) - ‘ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz’ saved [7079642/7079642]

100%[=================================================>] 6.75M 5.81KB/s in 18m 56s

2018-08-27 20:58:07 (6.08 KB/s) - ‘ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz’ saved [7079642/7079642]

1. Decompress

Enter ‘**tar zxf** *ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz* ’to decompress NTP；

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ tar zxf ntp-4.2.8p12.tar.gz

1. Installation

Enter ‘**su root’**to switch to root user, and enter root password as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ su root

Password:

Enter ‘**cd** *ntp-4.2.8p12/*’ before you enter ‘**./configure && make -j8 && make install’**to compile and install;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb# cd ntp-4.2.8p12/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12# ./configure && make -j8 && make install

checking for a BSD-compatible install... /usr/bin/install -c

checking whether build environment is sane... yes

checking for a thread-safe mkdir -p... /bin/mkdir -p

checking for gawk... no

……

Installing stand-alone HTML documentation

make[3]: Leaving directory '/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12'

make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12'

make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12'

1. Configuration

Enter ‘**echo** *"nameserver 8.8.8.8"*  **>>** */etc/resolv.conf*’ before you enter “**ntpdate cn.pool.ntp.org**”. If the time returned by the command corresponds to local time, the NTP is successfully synchronized;

**Tip**: ‘cn.pool.ntp.org’ is the NTP server. Users outside of mainland China are required to choose other NTP servers based on their locations.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12# echo "nameserver 8.8.8.8" >> /etc/resolv.conf

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12# ntpdate cn.pool.ntp.org

27 Aug 21:40:37 ntpdate[6335]: adjust time server 193.228.143.23 offset 0.013402 sec

Enter ‘**hwclock** --**systohc**’ before you enter ‘**exit**’ to finish.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12# hwclock --systohc

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb/ntp-4.2.8p12# exit

exit

# Chapter 2: Go Environment Setup

Ensure the Go Environment is ready if the source code was manually compiled for the MainNet installation and the Node setup. **If the compiled executable file provided by HPB will be used for the MainNet installation, skip this step**.

This compiled version of the HPB MainNet application is based on Go 1.9.0+.

## 2.1 Installation Steps

The following table is a simplified step-by-step guide on the Go Environment set up.

Note: Please ensure your server has been connected to the internet prior to the following steps.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 0** | Become Root | Become Root | This step only needs to be done if you are not already Root user.  Command: sudo su - |
| **Step 1** | Install GIT | Install GIT | Command：**apt-get install -y** *git* |
| **Step 2** | Install GO 1.9 | Install GO 1.9 | Command**: apt-get install -y** *golang-1.9* |
| **Step 3** | Set environment variables | Update the ‘profile’ file | Add the following at the end of the file：  export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9  export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9  export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH |
| Enforce the ‘profile’ | Command：**source** */etc/profile* |
| Update ‘bash.bashrc’ path | Add the following at the end of the file：  export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9  export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9  export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH |
| Enforce ‘bash.bashrc’ | Command: source /etc/bash.bashrc |
| **Step 4** | Check GO environment setup | Check go environment setup | Command：go env |
| Check go version | GO version should show 1.9  Command：go version |

## 2.2 Example Setup

Unless stated otherwise, press [Enter] after each command.

1. Update apt-get Source：  
   Enter the following on the console to get a password prompt, and fill in the password: ‘sudo apt-get update’. Wait until you see ‘Reading package lists…Done’, meaning the apt-get source is successfully updated. Once done (example shown below), proceed to the next step;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo apt-get update

[sudo] password for hpb:

Get:1 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security InRelease [107 kB]

Hit:2 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial InRelease

Get:3 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates InRelease [109 kB]

Hit:4 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-backports InRelease

Get:5 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/main amd64 Packages [839 kB]

Get:6 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/main i386 Packages [757 kB]

Get:7 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/universe amd64 Packages [678 kB]

Get:8 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates/universe i386 Packages [620 kB]

Fetched 3,109 kB in 5s (615 kB/s)

Reading package lists... Done

1. Setup GIT  
   Enter ‘**sudo apt-get install -y git**’，wait until you see the notes (example below) suggesting ‘git’ has been successfully set up, then proceed to the next step;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo apt-get install -y git

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

The following additional packages will be installed:

git-man liberror-perl

…….

Unpacking git (1:2.7.4-0ubuntu1.4) ...

Processing triggers for man-db (2.7.5-1) ...

Setting up liberror-perl (0.17-1.2) ...

Setting up git-man (1:2.7.4-0ubuntu1.4) ...

Setting up git (1:2.7.4-0ubuntu1.4) ...

1. Install Go  
   Enter ‘**sudo apt-get install –y** *golang-1.9*’, wait until you see ‘Setting up ………’ suggesting the download and installation is successful, then proceed to the next step;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo apt-get install -y golang-1.9

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

……

Setting up golang-1.9 (1.9.2-3ubuntu1~16.04.1) ...

Setting up golang-1.9-race-detector-runtime (0.0+svn285455-0ubuntu1~16.04.1) ...

1. Go to ‘profile’  
   Enter ‘sudo vi /etc/profile’ and then enter password as prompted;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo vi /etc/profile

1. Set Environment Variables

Move your pointer to the final line, press the [o] key (lowercase O), then enter the following three lines of codes:  
 export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9   
 export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9  
 export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH

if [ -d /etc/profile.d ]; then

for i in /etc/profile.d/\*.sh; do

if [ -r $i ]; then

. $i

fi

done

unset i

fi

export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9

export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9

export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH

1. Save ‘profile’  
   Type ‘:’ (colon, shift+;) after pressing the [ESC] key, and press the [Enter] key after inputting ‘:wq’ to save the file, then proceed to the next step as illustrated here:

：:wq

1. Enforce ‘profile’  
   Enter ‘source /etc/profile’ to enforce the ‘profile’, then proceed to the next step;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ source /etc/profile

1. Enter ‘bash.bashrc’  
   Enter ‘**sudo vi** */etc/bash.bashrc*’, and enter the permissions password as prompted;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo vi /etc/bash.bashrc

1. Set Environment Variables  
   Move your pointer to the final line, press the [o] key (lowercase O), then enter the following three lines of codes:

export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9

export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9

export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH

if [ -x /usr/lib/command-not-found -o -x /usr/share/command-not-found/command-not-found ];

then

function command\_not\_found\_handle {

# check because c-n-f could've been removed in the meantime

if [ -x /usr/lib/command-not-found ]; then

/usr/lib/command-not-found -- "$1"

return $?

elif [ -x /usr/share/command-not-found/command-not-found ]; then

/usr/share/command-not-found/command-not-found -- "$1"

return $?

else

printf "%s: command not found\n" "$1" >&2

return 127

fi

}

fi

export GOPATH=/usr/share/go-1.9

export GOROOT=/usr/lib/go-1.9

export PATH=$GOROOT/bin:$GOPATH/bin:$PATH

1. Save ‘bash.bashrc’.  
   Type ‘:’ (colon, shift+;) after pressing the [ESC] key, and press the [Enter] key after inputting ‘:wq’ to save the file, then proceed to the next step as illustrated here:

：:wq

1. Enforce ‘bash.bashrc’  
   Enter ‘**source** */etc/bash.bashrc*’ to enforce ‘bash.bashrc’, and proceed to the next step;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ source /etc/bash.bashrc

1. Check the GO Environment  
   Enter‘**go env**’ to check GO environment; proceed to the next step once the console returns the following;

`hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ go env

GOARCH="amd64"

GOBIN=""

GOEXE=""

GOHOSTARCH="amd64"

GOHOSTOS="linux"

GOOS="linux"

GOPATH="/usr/share/go-1.9"

GORACE=""

GOROOT="/usr/lib/go-1.9"

GOTOOLDIR="/usr/lib/go-1.9/pkg/tool/linux\_amd64"

GCCGO="gccgo"

CC="gcc"

GOGCCFLAGS="-fPIC -m64 -pthread -fmessage-length=0 -fdebug-prefix-map=/tmp/go-build421459249=/tmp/go-build -gno-record-gcc-switches"

CXX="g++"

CGO\_ENABLED="1"

CGO\_CFLAGS="-g -O2"

CGO\_CPPFLAGS=""

CGO\_CXXFLAGS="-g -O2"

CGO\_FFLAGS="-g -O2"

CGO\_LDFLAGS="-g -O2"

PKG\_CONFIG="pkg-config"

1. Check Go Version  
   Enter‘**go version**’. If it shows your version as GO 1.9 or above, your Go installation is complete!

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ go version

go version go1.9.2 linux/amd64

# Chapter 3: Preoperational Detection of BOE

Commands below are intended to be operated on the server with the BOE hardware unit installed. Unless stated otherwise, please press [Enter] after each command.

**ATTENTION: 1. HPB program operation must be based on ROOT permission.**

**2. To ensure proper functioning of the BOE hardware unit, re-detection is required each time the hardware is moved to another place.**

## 3.1 Steps for BOE Detection

The following steps for the preoperational detection of BOE is to ensure a working communication channel between the server and the BOE hardware unit. Please ensure the BOE hardware self-detection is successful prior to proceeding to these steps.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Preparation | Prepare for detection | Ensure the self-detection of the BOE hardware unit is successful, then connect the power cable to the server. Connect the BOE hardware unit with the GE-cable, and lastly turn on the server. |
| **Step 2** | GIT setup | Set up GIT | Command：sudo apt-get install *git* |
| **Step 3** | HPB MainNet software installation | Download HPB executable | Command: sudo **git clone** <https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release> |
| Check HPB MainNet software | Command：**ls**  Executed under current path, you can see ‘hpb-release’ being downloaded.  **Note**: If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’. |
| Decompress HPB MainNet software | Command：**cd** *hpb-release/bin*  Enter directory ‘bin’  Command：sudo **tar zxvf** *File*  **Note:** *File* is the HPB MainNet file name, e.g. ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz |
| **Step 4** | Change file permission | Change file permission | Command：**sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-v0.0.0.1* **-R** |
| **Step 5** | Program testing process | Start program testing process | Go to directory ‘ghpb-v0.0.0.1’ and start testing process.  Command：**sudo ./ghpb boecheck** |

Skip Step 2- GIT Installation if it has been previously set up.

## 3.2 Example of BOE Detection

1. GIT Setup  
   Enter ‘sudo apt-get install git’ in the console to test the environment, then enter the permission password for ROOT as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ sudo apt-get install git

[sudo] password for hpb:

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

git is already the newest version (1:2.7.4-0ubuntu1.4).

0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 180 not upgraded.

1. Download the HPB MainNet Software

Check and enter the HPB MainNet Download directory, then enter ‘**sudo** **git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download the testing program. The download of the MainNet is complete when you see ‘Checking connectivity ... Done’.

If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’.

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 18, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (15/15), done.

remote: Total 18 (delta 0), reused 15 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

To check other install paths, enter ‘**sudo** **git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release) *specify the path*’*；*please update and specify the path manually.

1. Check if the HPB MainNet Software has been Included:  
   Go to the directory ‘*hpb-release/bin*’ and enter command ‘ls’ to check if you can see the following file: ‘ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz’. (**Note:** ‘x.x.x.x’ should refer to the specific version of HPB MainNet when it is launched)

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ cd hpb-release/bin

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ ls

ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz

Users that specify the path should go to the directory of specific paths they choose.

1. Decompress HPB MainNet  
   Enter ‘**sudo** **tar zxvf***ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*’ to decompress the file ‘ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz’.

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ sudo tar zxvf ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/iperf3

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/promfile

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/ghpb

1. Revise File Permission

Enter ‘**sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-v0.0.0.1* **–R**’

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 -R

1. Start Testing Procedure

Go to directory ‘ghpb-vx.x.x.x’, and enter ‘ls’ to access three files below;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ cd ghpb-v0.0.0.1/

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin/ghpb-v0.0.0.1$ ls

ghpb iperf3 promfile

Enter ‘**sudo** **./ghpb boecheck**’ to run the testing procedure. BOE test is successful and runs properly if the system shows ‘HPB：boe board is ok’.

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin/ghpb-v0.0.0.1$ sudo ./ghpb boecheck

INFO [08-28|15:55:18] HPB : boe board is ok.

# Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup

In order to proceed to operations of mining, account management, and more, nodes must be set up and HPB’s blockchain must be accessed when BOE hardware testing is finished. There are two options as follows:

1. **Set up the node through source code:** Basic software programming and code compiling knowledge is required for this option. You also must complete GO setup (see chapter 2) prior to proceeding to the set up;
2. **Set up through the HPB executable file:** You can follow the steps of the executable setup for this option.

**ATTENTION： 1. HPB program operation should be based on ROOT.**

**2. Do not reveal your account and account password to others.**

**3. You must launch the node by yourself for password security.**

## 4.1 Network Connection Testing

Network connection testing is required prior to setting up the node. Enter the five commands below to test for any delay or data packet loss during the connection of the server to bootnode.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Command** | **Node Location** |
| **1** | ping -c 200 47.254.133.46 | Germany |
| **2** | ping -c 200 47.94.20.30 | Beijing |
| **3** | ping -c 200 47.88.60.227 | Silicon Valley |
| **4** | ping -c 200 47.75.213.166 | Hong Kong |
| **5** | ping -c 200 47.100.250.120 | Shang Hai |

**Example**: No. 1 is taken as an example shown below, which should be referred to by the rest of users.

Enter command ‘ping 47.254.133.46’,

When the command finishes running, you will receive a summary of the information:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Information displayed** | **Meaning** |
| 200 packets transmitted | 200 packets of data were sent |
| 186 received | 186 packets of data were received |
| 7% packet loss | 7% of packets were lost during the connection |
| Time 199386ms | The connection lasted for 199386ms for the 200 packets sent and 186 received |
| Rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 230.439/248.901/290.203/9.397 ms | Refers to Round-Trip Time. Measures the time between sending a packet and its reply (receiving). |
| min | Shortest response time (230.439ms) |
| Avg | Average response time (248.901ms) |
| Max | Maximum response time (290.203ms) |
| mdev | Standard deviation of response time (9.397ms) |

**Tip**: For connections within the same continent (e.g. server in China connecting to Beijing), the packet loss should be 0% and delay less than 100ms. For connections to other continents, it is common to see some packet loss and delay of less than 300ms. For long-distance, intercontinental connections, a standard of packet loss and delay times are hard to measure as circumstances may vary greatly. If there are questions or concerns regarding the acceptable levels, please ask the HPB community associates to check whether their data reaches required standard.

hpb@hpb-PowerEdge-R730xd:~$ ping -c 200 47.254.133.46

PING 47.254.133.46 (47.254.133.46) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=1 ttl=49 time=257 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=2 ttl=49 time=245 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=4 ttl=49 time=244 ms

……

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=199 ttl=49 time=257 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=200 ttl=49 time=251 ms

--- 47.254.133.46 ping statistics ---

200 packets transmitted, 186 received, 7% packet loss, time 199386ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 230.439/248.901/290.203/9.397 ms

Users whose data fails to reach standard please contact network service provider or data center for support.

## 4.2 Node Setup Steps Through Source Code

Please refer to the following steps for set up the node through source code:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Confirm the execution path | Create the execution path | Command：**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*  **Tip**: */home/ghpb-bin* can be changed to a specific path |
| Switch to root user | Command：**su root** **Tip**：Entering root owner password is required |
| **Step 2** | Download the HPB executable and the genesis file | Choose the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: */home/* can be changed to a specific path |
| Download HPB HPB MainNet executable | Command: **sudo** **git clone** <https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release>  **Note:** If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’. |
| Check HPB HPB MainNet executable | Command: **cd** *hpb-release/*  Command: **ls** |
| Copy the genesis file to the execution path | Command: **cd** *config/*  Command: **sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 3** | Download and compile ‘go-hpb’ source code | Go to the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Note:** */home/* can be changed to a specific path |
| Download the ‘go-hpb’ source code | Command: **sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb*](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)  **Tip**: ‘x.x.x.x’ should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet program；  **Note:** If prompted that ‘go-hpb’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘go-hpb. |
| Compile the ‘go-hpb’ | Command: **cd** *go-hpb/*  Command: **make all** |
| Copy to the execution path | Command: **sudo cp** *build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*  **Note**：‘*build/bin/\*’* is the compile path, ‘*/home/ghpb-bin/’* is the execution path. |
| **Step 4** | Initialize the node | Go to the execution path | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  **Tip**: /home/ghpb-bin/ is the default execution path |
| Node Initialization | Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json* |
| **Step 5** | Import the account | Export account | Export account information from the HPB Wallet; |
| Create ‘keystore’ | Command: **cd node/data/**  Command: **mkdir keystore**  Command: **ls** |
| Import the Node | Go to path ‘/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy account information to keystore file. If you have no permission to go to the directory, enter command “chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R” before trying again. |
| **Step 6** | Launch the node  **Tip**: **You must launch the node by yourself for password security.** | Option 1 | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock “account address” --networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**  Enter password as prompted;  **Note**: *100* stands for the HPB MainNet network number; *3004* stands for local ‘ghpb’ port;  **Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (e.g. 3004) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) should be open. |
| Option 2 | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  Command: **vi** *pwd*  Enter password in the pop-up page, then pres [ESC], and enter ’:wq’ before pressing [Enter] to save the password file.  Command: **sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 8545 --unlock "account address" --password "pwd" --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &**  **Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (default: 30303) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) should be open.  Command: **sudo ./ghpb attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)  [*127.0.0.1*](http://127.0.0.1:8545) stands for local IP. Command: rm -rf pwd(separate the console) Delete the password file in case of password disclosure. |
| **Step 7** | Start mining | Start mining | Command: **miner.start()** |

## 4.3 Example of Node Setup Through Source Code

Confirm the Execution Path  
Enter ‘**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*’ to create execution path；

‘/home/ghpb-bin’ can be changed to a specific path;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ sudo mkdir /home/ghpb-bin

1. Switch to root user by entering ‘su root’, and enter root account password as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ su root

Password:

1. Choose the Download Path

Enter‘**cd** */home/*’；

‘/home/’ can be changed to a specific path;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/# cd /home/

1. Download the HPB MainNet Executable

Enter ‘**sudo git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download the MainNet Executable ; If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 18, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (15/15), done.

remote: Total 18 (delta 0), reused 15 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

1. Check the HPB MainNet Executable

Enter ‘**cd** *hpb-release/*’ to go to directory ‘hpb-release’.

Enter command ‘ls’ and you will see three files named ‘bin’, ‘config’, and ‘README.md’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# cd hpb-release/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release# ls

bin config README.md

1. Copy the Genesis File to Execution Path

Enter ‘**cd** *config/*’ to go to directory ‘config’, then enter ‘**sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/*’*;***Note:** ‘/home/gphb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release# cd config/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/config# sudo cp gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Go to the Download Path

Enter ‘**cd** */home/*’ to download the source code to directory ‘home’.

‘/home/’ can be changed to the source code download path.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/config# cd /home/

1. Download ‘go-hpb’

Enter ‘**sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb*](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)’ (x.x.x.x’ should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet program)

When the process turns to ‘100%’ and shows ‘Checking connectivity ... done’, ’go-hpb’ has been successfully downloaded. Proceed to the next step.

**Tip**: If prompted ‘go-hpb’ already exists, enter command ‘rm -rf go-hpb’ before you re-download ‘go-hpb’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone -b version\_1.0.1.0 https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb

Cloning into 'go-hpb'...

remote: Counting objects: 10547, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (150/150), done.

Receiving objects: 100% (10547/10547), 14.09 MiB | 395.00 KiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (5824/5824), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

Note: checking out '89d88c8e23f7761a76dd8eebe9b08fd3750a04b6'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look around, make experimental

changes and commit them, and you can discard any commits you make in this

state without impacting any branches by performing another checkout.

If you want to create a new branch to retain commits you create, you may

do so (now or later) by using -b with the checkout command again. Example:

git checkout -b <new-branch-name>

1. Compile the ‘go-hpb’

Enter ‘**cd** *go-hpb/*’, then enter ‘**make all**’；

Compile ‘go-hpb’;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# cd go-hpb/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# make all

build/env.sh go run build/ci.go install ./cmd/ghpb

>>> /usr/lib/go-1.9/bin/go install -ldflags -X main.gitCommit=04fa6c874b447f0de0a4296b9e573119e1997fcc -v ./cmd/ghpb

github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb/vendor/github.com/mitchellh/go-wordwrap

……

`Done building.

Run "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/promfile" to launch promfile.

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/iperf3/iperf3" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/iperf3"

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/p2p/binding.json" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/binding.json"

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/p2p/config.json" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/config.json"

1. Copy to the Execution Directory

Enter ‘**sudo cp** *build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*’;  
‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for the execution directory;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# sudo cp build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Node Initialization

Enter ‘**cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*’ to go to the execution path, then enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json*’.

Proceed to the next step when the screen displays ‘Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata’;

**Note:** ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ is the execution path;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data init gensis.json

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=16 handles=16

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Writing custom genesis block

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata hash=6a068f…3e45f1

1. Export Your Account

Export your account information from the HPB Wallet;

1. Create ‘keystore’

Enter ‘**cd node/data/**’, then enter ‘**mkdir keystore**’;

Enter ‘**ls**’ so that you can see files ‘**ghpb’** and ‘**keystore**’;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# cd node/data/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# mkdir keystore

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# ls

ghpb keystore

1. Import the Node  
   Go to the path ‘/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy your account information to the file holder ‘keystore’; If you don’t have permission to access the directory, enter ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again.
2. Node Launch

**Option 1**：

Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/** ’ to go to the directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’, then enter ‘

**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock “account address” --networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**‘, then enter password as prompted;

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays ‘Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!’.

**Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (e.g. 3004) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) should be open.

**CAUTION**: If the user exits the remote server or turns off the terminal, the node launch will be terminated for this option.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data#cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 3004 console

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=100

……

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

**Option 2**：

Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/** ’ to go to the directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

Once at the new directory, enter ‘**vi** *pwd*’ to create a password file,

Enter letter ‘i’ on the pop-up page to change to input state, then enter account password.

Press [ESC] before you enter ‘:wq’ and press [Enter] again to save the password file.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# vi pwd

（Enter letter ‘i’ on the pop-up page to change to input state）

111（enter account password.）

~

~

~

~

:wq （Press [ESC] before you enter ‘:wq’ and press [Enter] again to save the password file.）

Then enter ‘**sudo nohup***./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock "account password" --password "pwd"** **--networkid** *100* **--port 8545 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &**‘, andpress [Enter] twice;

**Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (default: 30303) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) should be open.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --unlock “0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0” --password “pwd” --networkid 100 --port 8545 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &

[1] 5406

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'

Wait for 10 seconds, then enter Command: ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)’.

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays ‘Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!’.  
Enter ’rm -rf pwd’ to delete the password file when the launch is successful.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb attach http://127.0.0.1:8545

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# rm -f pwd

**Tip**: Please remember your password and keep it safe. Once the password file is deleted, it cannot be recovered. Do not tell your password to others.

1. Start Mining

Enter ‘**miner.start()**’and start mining

>miner.start()

true

## 4.4 Setup Through executable File

Steps of setting up the executable file:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Confirm execution path | Create the execution path | Command：**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*  **Tip**：*/home/ghpb-bin* can be changed to a specific path |
| Switch to root user | Command：**su root** **Tip**：Entering the root owner password is required |
| **Step 2** | Download the HPB executable file and the genesis file | Choose the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: */home/* can be changed to a specific path |
| Download HPB MainNet executable program | Command: **sudo** **git clone** *hpb-release-address*  If prompted that ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download ‘hpb-release’. |
| Check the HPB HPB MainNet executable program | Command: **cd** *hpb-release/*  Command: **ls** |
| Copy the genesis file to execution path | Command: **cd** *config/*  Command: **sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 3** | Decompress the executable file | Decompress HPB MainNet | Command: **cd ..**  Command: **cd** *bin/*  Command**: sudo** **tar zxvf** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*  **Note**: *x.x.x.x* refers to the latest version number of the HPB MainNet program |
| Change the file permission | Command: **sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 -R** |
| Copy to the execution path | Command: **sudo cp** *ghpb-vX.X.X.X/\* /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 4** | Initialize the node | Go to the execution path | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  **Tip**:/home/ghpb-bin/ is the program execution path you set |
| Node initialization | Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json* |
| **Step 5** | Import the account | Export the account | Export your account information from HPB Wallet; |
| Create ‘keystore’ | Command: **cd node/data/**  Command: **mkdir keystore**  Command: **ls** |
| Import the node | Go to path ‘home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy the account information to file folder ’keystore’. If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again. |
| **Step 6** | Node Launch  **Tip**: **You must launch the node by yourself for password security.** | Option 1 | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock “account address” --networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**  Enter password as prompted;  **Note**: *100* stands for the HPB MainNet network number;  *3004* stands for local ‘ghpb’ port;  **Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (e.g. 3004) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) should be open. |
| Option 2 | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  Command: **vi** *pwd*  Enter password in the pop-up page, then press [ESC] and enter ’:wq’.  Press [Enter] to save the password file.  Command: **sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 8545 --unlock "account address" --password "pwd" --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &**  **Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (default: 30303) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) should be open.  Command: **sudo ./ghpb attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)  [*127.0.0.1*](http://127.0.0.1:8545) stands for local IP, *8545* stands for port number.  Command: rm -rf pwd(separate the console) Delete the password file. |
| **Step 7** | Start mining | Start mining | Command: **miner.start()** |

## 4.5 Example of Setting Up the executable File

1. Confirm the Execution Path  
   Enter ‘**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*’to create execution path；

‘/home/ghpb-bin’ can be changed to specific path

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ sudo mkdir /home/ghpb-bin

1. Switch to Root User

Enter ‘su root’, and enter root account password as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ su root

Password:

1. Choose the Downloading Path  
   Enter‘**cd** */home/*’；

**Note:** ‘/home/’ can be changed to specific path;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/# cd /home/

1. Download the HPB MainNet Executable program  
   Enter ‘**sudo git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download MainNet executable program; If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download ‘hpb-release’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 18, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (15/15), done.

remote: Total 18 (delta 0), reused 15 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

1. Check HPB HPB MainNet executable  
   Enter ‘**cd** *hpb-release/*’to go to directory ‘hpb-release’.

Enter command ‘ls’ and you will see three files named ‘bin”, ‘config’, and ‘README.md’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# cd hpb-release/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release# ls

bin config README.md

1. Copy the Genesis File to Execution Path

Enter ‘**cd** *config/*’ to go to directory ‘config’, then enter ‘**sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/*’*;***Note:** ‘/hone/gphb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release# cd config/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/config# sudo cp gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Decompress HPB MainNet

Enter ‘**cd ..** ’, then ‘**cd** *bin/*’ to get to the download directory.

root@rootroot:/home/hpb-release/config# cd ..

root@rootroot:/home/hpb-release# cd bin/

To decompress HPB MainNet, enter ‘**sudo** **tar zxvf** *File*’  
**Note:** *File* stands for HPB MainNet file, e.g. ‘ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz’

root@rootroot:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo tar zxvf ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/iperf3

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/promfile

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/ghpb

Change the file permission

Enter ‘**sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 –R**’.

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 -R

Copy to the Execution Path

Enter ‘**sudo cp** *ghpb-vX.X.X.X/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*’.

‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set;

root@rootroot:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo cp ghpb-v0.0.0.1/\* /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Node Initialization  
   Enter ‘**cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*’ to go to the execution path, then enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json*’.

Proceed to the next step when the screen displays “Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata”;   
**Note:** ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data init gensis.json

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=16 handles=16

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Writing custom genesis block

INFO [08-28|17:46:29] HPB : Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata hash=6a068f…3e45f1

1. Export the Account  
   Export your account information from HPB Wallet;
2. Create ‘keystore’

Enter ‘cd node/data/’ before entering ‘mkdir keystore’; Enter ‘ls’ so that you can see files ‘ghpb’ and ‘keystore’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# cd node/data/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# mkdir keystore

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# ls

ghpb keystore

1. Import the Node  
   Enter the path ‘/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/keystore’ and copy your account information to the file holder ‘keystore’; If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again.
2. Node Launch

**Option 1：**

Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/** ’ to go to the directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’, then enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock “account address” --networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**

Enter password as prompted;

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays ‘Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!’.

Tip: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (e.g. 3004) and the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) should be open.

**CAUTION**: If the user exits the remote server or turns off the terminal, the node launch will be terminated for this option.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data --unlock “0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0” --networkid 100 --port 3004 console

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=100

……

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

**Option 2:**

Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/** ’ to go to the directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’,

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

Once at the new directory, enter ‘**vi** *pwd*’ to create a password file. Enter letter ‘i’ on the pop-up page to change to input state, then enter account password. Press [ESC] before you enter ‘:wq’ and press [Enter] to save the password file.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# vi pwd

（Enter letter ‘i’ on the pop-up page to change to input state）

111（enter account password.）

~

~

~

~

:wq （Press [ESC] before you enter ‘:wq’ and press [Enter] again to save the password file.）

Enter ‘**sudo nohup***./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--unlock "account password" --password "pwd"** **--networkid** *100* **--port 8545 -verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &**‘

Press [Enter] twice;

**Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); Both the local port in firewall (default: 30303) and the wideband testing port (e.g. 30403) should be open.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,Prometheus &

[1] 5406

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'

Wait 10 seconds, then enter Command: ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)’.

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays “Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!”.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb attach http://127.0.0.1:8545

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

Enter ’rm -rf pwd’ to delete the password file when the launch is successful.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# rm -f pwd

**Tip**: Please remember your password and keep it safe. Once the password file is deleted, it cannot be recovered. Do not tell your password to others.

1. Start Mining  
   Enter ‘**miner.start()**’and start mining

>miner.start()

true

## 4.6 Check Node Status

You may check the node status when it is launched;

Enter the following commands only after the node has successfully launched.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Purpose** | **Command** | **Descriptions** |
| **1** | Check if the node is connected to the MainNet | net | Check the current peerCount of the node |
| **2** | Check node status | admin.nodeInfo | Check the type of the node (candidate node or high-performance node) |
| **3** | Check mining status | hpb.mining | Check if the node is mining |

1. Check Connection Status

Enter ‘net’, and wait a moment to check if it can be connected to the MainNet.

‘peerCount’ stands for the number of the node’s servers connected to the MainNet.

e.g.

> net

{

listening: true,

peerCount: 5,

version: "100",

getListening: function(callback),

getPeerCount: function(callback),

getVersion: function(callback)

}

**Note:** The example above shows a peerCount of 5, indicating that 5 servers are currently connected to the network. Nodes must have a **peerCount of no less than 5** for a successful connection to the MainNet.

Version stands for the current network number which is 100.

1. Check Node Type  
   Enter ‘admin.nodeInfo’ to check the node information. ‘Prenode’ in ‘local’ stands for the Candidate Node, and Hpnode represents the High-Performance Node.   
   Note: The type of nodes is set as ‘prenode’ when first launched and will change after elected through the software.

e.g.  
  
In this case, ‘id’ stands for the node’s ID number; ‘PreNode’ means the node type is Candidate Node; ‘listenAddr’ represents the listening port address number ; ‘ports’ stands for the local port number;

>admin.nodeInfo

{

id: "df787c4c04a6c9307cefedbc857010e5306be9096153adf3b1351964a27d0ac607464cf28ba3d93c42c5e7a371d7281bdb1a9e5d19a16e30b24d1c3595e2180a",

ip: "::",

listenAddr: "[::]:3001",

local: "PreNode",

name: "",

ports: {

tcp: 3001,

udp: 3001

}

}

1. Check Mining Status  
   Enter ‘hpb.mining’ to check the mining status of the node. Returning ‘true’ means it is mining, ‘false’ means not. To start mining, enter ‘miner.start()’;  
   e.g.

>hpb.mining

true

# Chapter 5 Synchronized Node Setup

Akin to light nodes, the synchronized node can start transactions and synchronize blocks. Its limitations are that it cannot proceed to the election of candidate nodes, or high-performance nodes, nor can it become a block producer. They can however, serve as access nodes for DAPPs. There are two options for a synchronized node setup, listed below:

1. **Set up the node through source code:** Basic software programming and code compiling knowledge is required for this option. You also must complete GO setup (see chapter 2) prior to proceeding to the set up;
2. **Set up through the HPB executable:** You can follow the steps of the executable setup for this option.

**ATTENTION: 1. HPB program operation should be based on ROOT.**

**2. Do not reveal your account and account password to others.**

**3. You must launch the node by yourself for password security.**

## 5.1 Network Connection Testing

Network connection testing is required prior to setting up the node. Enter the five commands below to test for any delay or data packet loss during the connection of the server to bootnode.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Command** | **Node Location** |
| **1** | ping -c 200 47.254.133.46 | Germany |
| **2** | ping -c 200 47.94.20.30 | Beijing |
| **3** | ping -c 200 47.88.60.227 | Silicon Valley |
| **4** | ping -c 200 47.75.213.166 | Hong Kong |
| **5** | ping -c 200 47.100.250.120 | Shang Hai |

**Example**: No. 1 is taken as an example shown below, which should be referred to by the rest of users.

Enter command ‘ping 47.254.133.46’,

When the command finishes running, you will receive a summary of the information:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Information displayed** | **Meaning** |
| 200 packets transmitted | 200 packets of data were sent |
| 186 received | 186 packets of data were received |
| 7% packet loss | 7% of packets were lost during the connection |
| Time 199386ms | The connection lasted for 199386ms for the 200 packets sent and 186 received |
| Rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 230.439/248.901/290.203/9.397 ms | Refers to Round-Trip Time. Measures the time between sending a packet and its reply (receiving). |
| min | Shortest response time (230.439ms) |
| Avg | Average response time (248.901ms) |
| Max | Maximum response time (290.203ms) |
| mdev | Standard deviation of response time (9.397ms) |

**Tip**: For connections within the same continent (e.g. server in China connecting to Beijing), the packet loss should be 0% and delay less than 100ms. For connections to other continents, it is common to see some packet loss and delay of less than 300ms. For long-distance, intercontinental connections, a standard of packet loss and delay times are hard to measure as circumstances may vary greatly. If there are questions or concerns regarding the acceptable levels, please ask the HPB community associates to check whether their data reaches required standard.

hpb@hpb-PowerEdge-R730xd:~$ ping -c 200 47.254.133.46

PING 47.254.133.46 (47.254.133.46) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=1 ttl=49 time=257 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=2 ttl=49 time=245 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=4 ttl=49 time=244 ms

……

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=199 ttl=49 time=257 ms

64 bytes from 47.254.133.46: icmp\_seq=200 ttl=49 time=251 ms

--- 47.254.133.46 ping statistics ---

200 packets transmitted, 186 received, 7% packet loss, time 199386ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 230.439/248.901/290.203/9.397 ms

Users whose data fails to reach standard please contact network service provider or data center for support.

## 5.2 Steps of Setup Through Source Code

The following are the steps for a setup through the source code option.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Confirm the execution path | Create the execution path | Command：**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*  **Tip**: */home/ghpb-bin* can be changed to a specific path |
| Switch to root user | Command：**su root** **Tip**: Entering root owner password is required |
| **Step 2** | Download the HPB executable file and the genesis file | Choose the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: */home/* can be changed to a specific path |
| Download HPB MainNet executable | Command: **sudo** **git clone** <https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release>  If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download ‘hpb-release’. |
| Check HPB MainNet executable | Command: **cd** *hpb-release/*  Command: **ls** |
| Copy the genesis file to execution path | Command: **cd** *config/*  Command: **sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 3** | Download and compile the ‘go-hpb’ source code | Go to the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Note:** */home/* can be changed to a specific path |
| Download the ‘go-hpb’ source code | Command: **sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb*](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)  **Tip**: x.x.x.x’ should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet program；  If prompted ‘go-hpb’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf go-hpb’ before you re-download file ‘go-hpb’. |
| Compile the ‘go-hpb’ | Command: **cd** *go-hpb/*  Command: **make all** |
| Copy to execution path | Command: **sudo cp** *build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*  **Note:** ‘*build/bin/\*’* is the compile path,  ‘*/home/ghpb-bin/’* is the execution path. |
| **Step 4** | Initialize the node | Go to the execution path | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  **Tip**: /home/ghpb-bin/ is the execution path you set |
| Node Initialization | Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json* |
| **Step 5**  **(a)** | Import the account | Export account | Export account information from the HPB Wallet; |
| Create ‘keystore’ | Command: **cd node/data/**  Command: **mkdir keystore**  Command: **ls** |
| Import the node | Go to path ‘home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy account information to ‘keystore’ file. If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again. |
| **Step 5**  **(b)** | Create an account | Create an account | Command: *./ghpb***--datadir** *node/data* **account new**  Please set your account password, and record the Address you receive after re-entering your password; |
| **Step 6** | Launch the Node  **Tip**: **You must launch the node by yourself for password security.** | Option 1 | Command: **cd /home/ghpb-bin/**  Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **-datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**  *100* stands for the HPB MainNet network number;  *3004* stands for local ‘ghpb’ port;  **Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 3004) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) is optional. |
| Option 2 | Command: **cd /home/ghpb-bin/**  Command: **sudo nohup** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--port 8545 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus --nodetype synnode &**  **Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 30303) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) is optional.  Command：**sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)  **Note:** [*127.0.0.1*](http://127.0.0.1:8545) is local IP, *8545* is port number; |

## 5.3 Example of Node Setup Through Source Code

1. Confirm the Execution Path  
   Enter ‘**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*’to create execution path；

’/home/ghpb-bin’ can be changed to a specific path;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo mkdir /home/ghpb-bin

1. Switch to Root User

Switch to root user by entering ‘su root’, and enter root account password as prompted;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ su root

Password:

1. Choose the Download Path  
   Enter‘**cd** */home/*’；

’/home/’ can be changed to a specific path;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730: ~$ cd /home/

1. Download HPB HPB MainNet executable  
   Enter ‘**sudo git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download HPB MainNet executable;

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home$ sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 18, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (15/15), done.

remote: Total 18 (delta 0), reused 15 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

1. Check the HPB HPB MainNet executable  
   Enter ‘**cd** *hpb-release/*’ to go to directory ‘hpb-release’.

Enter command ‘ls’ and you will see three files named “bin”, “config”, and “README.md”.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home$ cd hpb-release/

root @dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release$ ls

bin config README.md

1. Copy the Genesis File to Execution Path

Enter ‘**cd** *config/*’to go to directory ‘config’, then enter ‘**sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/*’*;***Note:** ‘/hone/gphb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release$ cd config/

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/configs$ sudo cp gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Go to the Download Path  
   Enter ‘**cd** */home/*’ to download the source code to directory ‘home’.

‘/home/’ can be changed to the source code download path.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/config$ cd /home/

1. Download the ‘go-hpb’  
   Enter ‘**sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb*](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)’ (x.x.x.x’ should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet program)

When the process shows ‘100%’ and shows ‘Checking connectivity ... done’, ’go-hpb’ has been successfully downloaded. Proceed to the next step.

**Tip**: If prompted ‘go-hpb’ already exists, enter command ‘rm -rf go-hpb’ before you re-download ‘go-hpb’.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone -b version\_1.0.1.0 https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb

Cloning into 'go-hpb'...

remote: Counting objects: 10547, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (150/150), done.

Receiving objects: 100% (10547/10547), 14.09 MiB | 395.00 KiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (5824/5824), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

Note: checking out '89d88c8e23f7761a76dd8eebe9b08fd3750a04b6'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look around, make experimental

changes and commit them, and you can discard any commits you make in this

state without impacting any branches by performing another checkout.

If you want to create a new branch to retain commits you create, you may

do so (now or later) by using -b with the checkout command again. Example:

git checkout -b <new-branch-name>

1. Compile the ‘go-hpb’  
   Enter ‘**cd** *go-hpb/*’, then enter ’**make all’**; Compile ‘go-hpb’;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# cd go-hpb/

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# make all

build/env.sh go run build/ci.go install ./cmd/ghpb

>>> /usr/lib/go-1.9/bin/go install -ldflags -X main.gitCommit=04fa6c874b447f0de0a4296b9e573119e1997fcc -v ./cmd/ghpb

github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb/vendor/github.com/prometheus/procfs/internal/util

github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb/common/bitutil

……

Done building.

Run "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/promfile" to launch promfile.

1. Copy to the Execution Directory   
   Enter ‘**sudo cp** *build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*’;  
   ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for execution directory;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# sudo cp build/bin/\* /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Node Initialization  
   Enter ‘**cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*’ to go to the execution path, then enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json*’.

Proceed to the next step when the screen displays “Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata’;

**Note:** ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ is the execution path;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data init gensis.json

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=16 handles=16

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Writing custom genesis block

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata hash=6a068f…3e45f1

A. Export Your Account

Export your account information from the HPB Wallet;  
Create ‘keystore’

Enter ‘**cd node/data/**’, then enter ‘**mkdir keystore**’;

Enter ‘**ls**’ so that you can see files ‘**ghpb’** and ‘**keystore**’;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# cd node/data/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# mkdir keystore

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# ls

ghpb keystore

Import the Node  
Go to the path ‘/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy your account information to file holder ‘keystore’; If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again.

B. Create a new account  
Enter ‘./ghpb --datadir node/data account new’, and wait until prompted to set password for your new account.

Record the address returned to your new account after re-entering the password;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# ./ghpb --datadir node/data account new

INFO [08-28|13:30:47] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:30:47] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=1

GetBindAccount ecode:101, emsg:[%!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=110) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=116) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=32) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=102) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=97) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=108) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=101) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=1…….

) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0)]

WARN [08-28|13:30:57] HPB : Get coinbase from boe fail, and set coinbase with account[0]

INFO [08-28|13:30:57] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=128 handles=1024

Your new account is locked with a password. Please give a password. Do not forget this password.

Passphrase:

Repeat passphrase:

Address: {84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0}

1. Launch the Node

**Option 1**:

Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/**’ to go to directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’. Enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data***--networkid***100* **--port** *3004* ***--*nodetype synnode console’**;

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays “Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!”.

**Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 3004) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) is optional.

**CAUTION**: If the user exits the remote server or turns off the terminal, the node launch will be terminated for this option.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 3004 --nodetype synnode console

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=100

……

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0000000000000000000000000000000000000000

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

**Option 2**: Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/**’ to go to directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’. After entering ‘**sudo nohup***./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--port 8545**  **--verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus --nodetype synnode &**’, press the [Enter] key twice;

**Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 30303) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) is optional.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 8545 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus --nodetype synnode &

[1] 5406

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'

Wait 10 seconds, then enter Command: ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)’.

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays “Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!”.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb attach http://127.0.0.1:8545

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

## 5.4 SetUp Through executable File

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Confirm the execution path | Create the execution path | Command：**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*  **Tip**: */home/ghpb-bin* can be changed to A specific path |
| Switch to root user | Command：**su root** **Tip**: Entering root owner password is required |
| **Step 2** | Download the HPB executable and the genesis file | Choose the download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: */home/* can be changed to A specific path |
| Download HPB MainNet Executable | Command: **sudo** **git clone** <https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release>  If prompted that ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’. |
| Check HPB MainNet Executable | Command: **cd** *hpb-release/*  Command: **ls** |
| Change file permission | Command: **sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-v0.0.0.1* **-R** |
| Copy the genesis file to execution path | Command: **cd** *config/*  Command: **sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 3** | Download the executable file | Decompress HPB MainNet | Command: ‘**cd ..** ’  Command: **cd** *bin/*  Command: **sudo** **tar zxvf** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*  **Note**: *x.x.x.x* refers to the latest version numberof HPB MainNet program |
| Change the file permission | Command: **sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 -R** |
| Copy to the execution path | Command: **sudo cp** *ghpb-vX.X.X.X/\* /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 4** | Node Initialization | Go to the execution path | Command: **cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*  **Tip**: /home/ghpb-bin/ is the program execution path set |
| Node initialization | Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json* |
| **Step 5**  **(a)** | Import the account | Export the account | Export your account information from the HPB Wallet; |
| Create ‘keystore’ | Command: **cd node/data/**  Command: **mkdir keystore**  Command: **ls** |
| Import the node | Go to path ‘home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’, and copy the account information to file holder ‘keystore’. If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again. |
| **Step 5**  **(b)** | Create a new account | Create a new account | Command: *./ghpb***--datadir** *node/data* **account new** Please set your account password (e.g.123), and record the Address you receive after re-entering your password; |
| **Step 6** | Node Launch  **Tip**: **You must launch the node by yourself for password security.** | Option 1 | Command: **cd /home/ghpb-bin/**  Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **-datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--port** *3004* **console**  *100* stands for the HPB MainNet network number；  *3004* stands for the local ‘ghpb’ port；  **Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 3004) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) is not necessarily so. |
| Option 2 | Command: **cd /home/ghpb-bin/**  Command: **sudo nohup** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus &**  **Tip**: Port number for a wideband test between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number for wideband testing should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 30303) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) is optional.  Command: **sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)  **Note:** [*127.0.0.1*](http://127.0.0.1:8545) is the local IP, 8545 is the port number; |

## 5.5 Example of Setup Through executable File

1. Confirm Execution Path  
   Enter ‘**sudo mkdir** */home/ghpb-bin*’ to create execution path；

’/home/ghpb-bin’ can be changed to a specific path;

hpb@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ sudo mkdir /home/ghpb-bin

1. Switch To Root User

Enter ‘su root’, and enter root account password as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:~$ su root

Password:

1. Choose Download Path  
   Enter‘**cd** */home/*’；

’/home/’ can be changed to a specific path;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730: ~$ cd /home/

1. Download HPB MainNet Executable  
   Enter ‘**sudo git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download HPB MainNet Executable; If prompted that ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home$ sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 18, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (15/15), done.

remote: Total 18 (delta 0), reused 15 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

1. Check HPB MainNet Executable

Enter ‘**cd** *hpb-release/*’ to go to directory ‘hpb-release’.

Enter command ‘ls’ and you will see three files named “bin”, “config”, and “README.md”.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home$ cd hpb-release/

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release$ ls

bin config README.md

1. Copy the Genesis File To Execution Path

Enter ‘**cd** *config/*’ to go to directory ‘config’, then enter ‘**sudo** **cp** *gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/*’*;***Note:** ‘/hone/gphb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set.

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release$ cd config/

root @ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/configs$ sudo cp gensis.json /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Decompress HPB MainNet  
   Enter ‘**cd ..**  ’, then ‘**cd** *bin/*’ to get to the download directory.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/config# cd ..

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release# cd bin/

Enter ‘**sudo** **tar zxvf** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*’ to command to decompress file ‘ghpb-v*x.x.x.x*.tar.gz’

**Note:** ‘*x.x.x.x*’ stands for the latest version number of HPB software.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo tar zxvf ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/iperf3

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/promfile

ghpb-v0.0.0.1/ghpb

1. Change File Permissions

Enter ‘**sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-v0.0.0.1* **–R**’

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ sudo chmod +x ghpb-v0.0.0.1 -R

1. Copy to the Execution Path   
   Enter ‘**sudo cp** *ghpb-vX.X.X.X/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*’,

‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo cp ghpb-v0.0.0.1/\* /home/ghpb-bin/

1. Node Initialization  
   Enter ‘**cd** */home/ghpb-bin/*’ to go to the execution path, then enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **init** *gensis.json*’.

Proceed to the next step when the screen displays ‘Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata’;   
**Note:** ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ stands for the execution path you set;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data init gensis.json

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=16 handles=16

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Writing custom genesis block

INFO [08-28|13:29:05] HPB : Successfully wrote genesis state database=chaindata hash=6a068f…3e45f1

A. Export the Account  
Export your account information from HPB Wallet;

Create ‘keystore’

Enter ‘**cd node/data/**’, then enter ‘**mkdir keystore**’;

Enter ‘**ls**’ so that you can see files ‘**ghpb’** and ‘**keystore**’;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# cd node/data/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# mkdir keystore

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# ls

ghpb keystore

Import the Node  
Enter the path ‘home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ keystore’ and copy your account information to the file holder ‘keystore’; If you do not have permission to go to the directory, enter command ‘chmod 777 /home/ghpb-bin –R’ before trying again.

b. Create a New Account  
Enter ‘*./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **account new**’, wait until prompted for a password for the new account. Record the new address returned to your new account after re-entering the password;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# ./ghpb --datadir node/data account new

INFO [08-28|13:30:47] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:30:47] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=1

GetBindAccount ecode:101, emsg:[%!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=110) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=116) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=32) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=102) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=97) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=105) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=108) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=101) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=1…….

) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0) %!s(boe.\_Ctype\_char=0)]

WARN [08-28|13:30:57] HPB : Get coinbase from boe fail, and set coinbase with account[0]

INFO [08-28|13:30:57] HPB : Allocated cache and file handles database=/home/ghpb-bin/node/data/ghpb/chaindata cache=128 handles=1024

Your new account is locked with a password. Please give a password. Do not forget this password.

Passphrase:

Repeat passphrase:

Address: {84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0}

1. Node Launch

**Option 1**: Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/**’ to go to directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’. Enter ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data***--networkid***100* **--port** *3004***--unlock** *“account address”* **--nodetype synnode console**’ ;

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays ‘Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!’.

**Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (e.g. 3004) must be open while the testing wide band port (e.g. 3104) is not necessarily so.

**CAUTION**: If the user exits the remote server or turns off the terminal, the node launch will be terminated for this option.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --port 3004 --nodetype synnode console

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Create New HpbConfig object

INFO [08-28|13:44:11] HPB : Initialising Hpb node network=100

……

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0000000000000000000000000000000000000000

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

**Option 2**: Enter ‘**cd /home/ghpb-bin/**’ to go to directory ‘**ghpb-bin**’. After entering ‘**sudo nohup***./ghpb* **--datadir** *node/data* **--networkid** *100* **--port** 8545 **--verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus --nodetype synnode &**’, press the [Enter] key twice;

**Tip**: Port number of testing wideband between nodes is the port number of local ‘ghpb’ plus 100 (e.g. if the local ‘ghpb’ port number is 3004, the port number of testing wideband should be 3004+100=3104); The local port in firewall of synchronization node (default: 30303) while the testing wide band port (e.g. 30403) is not necessarily so.

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin/node/data# cd /home/ghpb-bin/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo nohup ./ghpb --datadir node/data --networkid 100 --verbosity 3 --rpc --rpcapi hpb,web3,admin,txpool,debug,personal,net,miner,prometheus --nodetype synnode &

[1] 5406

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'

Wait 10 seconds, then enter Command: ‘**sudo** *./ghpb* **attach** [*http://127.0.0.1:8545*](http://127.0.0.1:8545)’.

The node has been successfully launched when the screen displays ‘Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!’.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb attach http://127.0.0.1:8545

Welcome to the GHPB JavaScript console!

instance:

coinbase: 0x84b5113ca960ce72d2b8ff7a239ff22a575703b0

at block: 0 (Tue, 07 Aug 2018 10:30:01 CST)

datadir: /home/ghpb-bin/node/data

modules: admin:1.0 debug:1.0 hpb:1.0 miner:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 prometheus:1.0 rpc:1.0 txpool:1.0 web3:1.0

## 5.6 Check Node Status

You may check the node status when it is launched;

Enter the following commands only after the node has successfully launched.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Command** | **Descriptions** |
| **1** | Check if it is connected to MainNet | net | Check the current peerCount of the node. |
| **2** | Check the Node status | admin.nodeInfo | Check the type of the node |

1. Check Connection Status  
   Enter ‘net’, and wait a few moments to check if it can be connected to the MainNet.

‘peerCount’ stands for the number of the Node’s servers connected to the MainNet.

e.g.

> net

{

listening: true,

peerCount: 5,

version: "100",

getListening: function(callback),

getPeerCount: function(callback),

getVersion: function(callback)

}

**Note:** The example above shows a peerCount of 5, indicating that 5 servers are currently connected to the server. Nodes must have a **peerCount of no less than 5** for a successful connection to MainNet.

Version stands for the current network number which is 100.

1. Check the Node type  
   Enter ‘admin.nodeInfo’ to check the Node’s information.   
   ‘Synnode’ in ‘local’ represents the synchronized Node.

e.g.  
  
In this case, ‘id’ stands for the node’s only ID number; ‘SynNode’ means the current node type is synchronized node; ‘listenAddr’ represents the listening port address number;

>admin.nodeInfo

{

id: "df787c4c04a6c9307cefedbc857010e5306be9096153adf3b1351964a27d0ac607464cf28ba3d93c42c5e7a371d7281bdb1a9e5d19a16e30b24d1c3595e2180a",

ip: "::",

listenAddr: "[::]:3001",

local: "SynNode",

name: "",

ports: {

tcp: 3001,

udp: 3001

}

}

‘ports’ stands for the local port number.

# Chapter 6 Account Management and Transactions

## 6.1 Common Commands

Node users may enter commands on the console and access functions such as an information search. Please find the spreadsheet below for command examples.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Module** | **Function** | **Number of Commands** |
| Account | Account management | 5 |
| Transaction | Transaction management | 2 |
| Node | Node information management | 5 |

1. Account

* personal.newAccount(): Create new account
* hpb.accounts：Get account address
* hpb.getBalance (account address): Check balance
* personal.gerListAccounts: Get account list
* personal.unlockAccount(“account address”): unlock account

1. Transactions

* hpb.sendTransaction({from:" My address", to: "Receiving address",value:web3.toWei(amount,"currency")})} : Send transaction request and transfer the amount to the receiving account.
* txpool.status: Check transaction status

1. Node

* hpb.blockNumber: Check the highest block number
* hpb.getBlock(block number): Check the block information according to the block number
* prometheus.getCandidateNNodes(): Get candidate Nodes list
* prometheus.getHpbNodes(): Get high-performance Nodes list
* net: Check the peer count

## 6.2 Examples of Common Commands

1. Create account

Enter ‘personal.newAccount()’ to set up a new account. You will be returned to new account address after setting your password;

e.g.  
  
In this example, the account "0x101e04724a52e214ec49b950964a707c4725042c"is successfully created after entering password twice.

> personal.newAccount()

Passphrase:

Repeat passphrase:

"0x101e04724a52e214ec49b950964a707c4725042c"

1. Check balance

Enter ‘hpb.getBalance(“Account address”) ’.

The value returned is the balance of your account.

e.g.

The example shows a balance of 184,637 HPB in the account “0x6fa696461c8583dd389a331b38bd2fa5a0cb73ce”

> hpb.getBalance("0x6fa696461c8583dd389a331b38bd2fa5a0cb73ce")

184637

1. Transfer

Enter ‘hpb.sendTransaction’({from:"My address",to:"Receiving address",value:web3.toWei(amount,"currency")})}

Send transaction request to transfer the amount to the receiving address. The transaction hash returned suggests successful transfer;

**Note:** Please check your balance if the transfer failed and confirm whether there are enough funds available.

e.g.

>hpb.sendTransaction({from:"0x6fa696461c8583dd389a331b38bd2fa5a0cb73ce",to:"0x5c1fd922380e4d2dc1d31018a133cf3d629172a4",value:web3.toWei(1,"hpb")})

"0x74fda2724a713322abc60f7f7bf67ec72af5f84b3bafb9903e4aff954ea97cc6"

Example shows 1hpb was transferred from"0x6fa696461c8583dd389a331b38bd2fa5a0cb73ce" to "0x5c1fd922380e4d2dc1d31018a133cf3d629172a4". "0x74fda2724a713322abc60f7f7bf67ec72af5f84b3bafb9903e4aff954ea97cc6" represents the hash value for this transaction.

1. Unlock Account

Enter ‘personal.unlockAccount("account address")’ to unlock your account, transactions can only be sent after the node user unlock his account.

Example:

> personal.unlockAccount("0xafa5ac62af5eb5135e38ae7439348f71c990f7a6")

Unlock account 0xafa5ac62af5eb5135e38ae7439348f71c990f7a6

Passphrase:

true

Example demonstrates unlocking the account, "0xafa5ac62af5eb5135e38ae7439348f71c990f7a6". Enter password when prompted. The account is unlocked if “true” is returned.

# Chapter 7 BOE Firmware Update Instructions

If you are a BOE Node owner, you may update your BOE hardware unit through an online update or an SD card update when prompted by HPB system. Switching to the SD card update is recommended if the online update fails.

## 7.1 Steps for an Online Update

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Stop All ghpb processes | Stop all ghpb Processes | Command：**sudo killall ghpb** |
| **Step 2** | Start to update | Start to update | Command：**sudo ./ghpb boeupdate** |
| **Step 3** | Node launch | Launch the node | Please refer to Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup for detailed command of launching BOE node |

## Examples of an Online Update

Please follow the instructions below to update your BOE Firmware:

1. Stop All ‘ghpb’ Processes

Execute the command ‘**sudo killall ghpb**’ in the console. Make sure you stop all ‘ghpb’ programs before updating.

Then enter ‘**sudo killall ghpb**’. If prompted ‘ghpb:no process found’, all ‘ghpb’ processes have been stopped；

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo killall ghpb

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo killall ghpb

ghpb: no process found

1. Start the Update

Enter ‘**sudo ./ghpb boeupdate**’, and wait until prompted ‘Upgrad 100%,upgrade successed’, confirming a successful update;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/ghpb-bin# sudo ./ghpb boeupdate

tmdir : /tmp/hpbupgrade331425344

json download ok.

……

Upgrade 80%, msg:receive finished

Upgrade 88%, msg:flash erase finished

Upgrade 95%,msg: flash write finished

upgrade successed

upgrade successed.

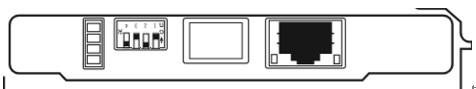
## 7.3 Steps to Update Via SD Card

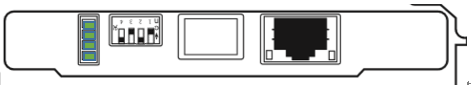
Switch to the Update via SD Card if an online update fails.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Switch to SD Card boot mode | 1. Turn off and power off the server 2. Change the boot mode switch to SD Card boot mode |
| **Step 2** | Restore Factory Settings | Restart the server and automatically restore factory settings |
| **Step 3** | Switch to Flash boot mode | 1. Turn off and power off the server; 2. Change the boot mode switch to Flash boot mode |
| **Step 4** | Update online | Execute the steps for Update Online |

## 7.4 Detailed Steps to an Update VIA SD Card

1. Turn off and power off the server. Change the boot mode switches 1/2/3/4 below to switch the starting mode to SD Card boot mode;



1. Ensure the memory card has been inserted securely into the SD card slot in the BOE hardware unit before restarting the server;
2. When the server has restarted, wait several minutes until all system lights are blinking (once per second). This indicates a successful factory settings restore;  
   **ATTENTION**：The factory settings restoration has failed if the system lights are blinking fast (with an interval of 300ms).   
   
3. Turn off the server and pull out the power cable. Reset the dip switch to its original position to switch the boot mode to Start via Flash;  
   

1. Plug in the power cable and turn on the server. The board functions properly if there is only one green system light that blinks;



1. Execute the steps for an online update. If the update doesn’t work, please contact HPB staff for technical support.

# Chapter 8 MainNet Update Instructions

When HPB updates the MainNet version, there are two ways for node users to proceed with the process.

1. Update through the **source code**: Download and compile the source code to complete the MainNet update by following the steps laid out in 8.1 and 8.2;
2. Update through the **executable file**: Download and run the executable file to complete the MainNet update by following the steps laid out in 8.3 and 8.4.

## 8.1 Steps of Update through Source Code

Users who choose to update through source code can refer to this section. Refer to the table below for detailed steps:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Descriptions** |
| **Step 1** | Stop hpb program | Stop Option 1 | Command: **exit**  **Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 1 for the Node Launch. |
| Stop Option 2 | Command: **exit**  Command: **sudo killall ghpb**  **Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 2 for the Node Launch. |
| **Step 2** | Confirm the MainNet download path | Switch to root user | Command: **su root** **Tip**: Password of root user is required. |
| Choose a download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: ‘*/home/’* can be changed to a specified path. |
| **Step 3** | Download and compile source code ‘go-hpb’ | Download source code ‘go-hpb’ | Command: **sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb*](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)  **Tip**: ‘*x.x.x.x*’ refers to the latest version of HPB MainNet program. If prompted ‘go-hpb’ already exists, enter the command “rm -rf go-hpb” before you re-download ‘go-hpb’ source code. |
| Compile ‘go-hpb’ | Command: **cd** *go-hpb/*  Command: **make all** |
| Copy the program to the executable path | Command**: cd bulid/bin/**  Command**: sudo cp** *ghpb iperf3 /home/ghpb-bin/*  Description: *‘/home/ghpb-bin/*’ is the execution path of the program. |
| **Step 4** | Node Launch | Node Launch | Please see Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup for detailed BOE node launch commands, and Chapter 5: Synchronized Node Setup for synchronized node launch commands. |

## 

## 8.2 Example of Update through Source Code

**(1) Stop HPB program**

Stop option 1: Enter ‘exit’

**Tip:** This is suitable for users choosing Option 1 for Node Launch.

> exit

Stop option 2: Command ‘sudo killall ghpb’

**Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 2 for Node Launch.

root@hpb-PowerEdge-R730xd:/home/ghpb-bin2# killall ghpb

(2) **Confirm the MainNet download path**

Switch to root user: Enter ‘su root’, then enter the account password as prompted.

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ su root

Password:

Choose the download path: Enter ‘cd /home/’, ‘/home/’ can be replaced with specified path.

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730: ~$ cd /home/

(3) **Download and compile ‘go-hpb’ source code**

Download ‘go-hpb’ source code: Enter ‘**sudo** **git clone -b version\_x.x.x.x** [**https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb**](https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb)’. When the process turns to 100% and shows “Checking conectivity ... done”, ‘go-hpb’ has been successfully downloaded. Proceed to the next step. Note: ‘x.x.x.x’ should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet program.

If prompted ‘go-hpb’ already exists, enter the command ‘rm -rf go-hpb’ before you re-download ‘go-hpb’ source code. Compile ‘go-hpb’: Enter ‘**cd** *go-hpb/*’; then enter ‘**make all**’ to compile ‘go-hpb’;  
Copy the program to the executable path: Enter ‘**sudo cp** *ghpb iperf3 /home/ghpb-bin/*’; ‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ is the executable path that you set;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone -b version\_1.0.1.0 https://github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb

Cloning into 'go-hpb'...

remote: Counting objects: 10547, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (150/150), done.

Receiving objects: 100% (10547/10547), 14.09 MiB | 395.00 KiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (5824/5824), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

Note: checking out '89d88c8e23f7761a76dd8eebe9b08fd3750a04b6'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look around, make experimental

changes and commit them, and you can discard any commits you make in this

state without impacting any branches by performing another checkout.

If you want to create a new branch to retain commits you create, you may

do so (now or later) by using -b with the checkout command again. Example:

git checkout -b <new-branch-name>

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# cd go-hpb/

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# make all

build/env.sh go run build/ci.go install ./cmd/ghpb

>>> /usr/lib/go-1.9/bin/go install -ldflags -X main.gitCommit=04fa6c874b447f0de0a4296b9e573119e1997fcc -v ./cmd/ghpb

github.com/hpb-project/go-hpb/vendor/github.com/mitchellh/go-wordwrap

……

`Done building.

Run "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/promfile" to launch promfile.

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/iperf3/iperf3" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/iperf3"

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/p2p/binding.json" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/binding.json"

cp "/home/go-hpb/network/p2p/config.json" "/home/go-hpb/build/bin/config.json"

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/go-hpb# sudo cp ghpb iperf3 /home/ghpb-bin/

**(4) Node Launch**

Please see Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup for detailed BOE node launch commands, and Chapter 5: Synchronized Node Setup for synchronized node launch commands.

## 8.3 Steps of Update through the Executable File

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Contents** | **Steps** | **Description** |
| **Step 1** | Stop hpb program | Stop Option 1 | Command: **exit**  **Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 1 for the Node Launch. |
| Stop Option 2 | Command: **sudo killall ghpb**  **Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 2 for the Node Launch. |
| **Step 2** | Confirm the MainNet download path | Switch to root user | Command: **su root** **Tip**: Password of root user is required. |
| Choose a download path | Command: **cd** */home/*  **Tip**: ‘*/home/’* can be changed to a specified path. |
| **Step 3** | Download and decompress the HPB executable program | Download the HPB MainNet executable program | Commands: **sudo** **git clone** <https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release>  **Note**: If prompted ‘hpb-release’ already exists’, enter command ‘rm -rf hpb-release’ before you re-download file ‘hpb-release’. |
| Decompress the HPB MainNet program | Command: **cd** *hpb-relese/bin/*  Command: **ls**  Command: **sudo** **tar zxvf** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*  **Tip**: *x.x.x.x* should refer to the latest version of HPB MainNet, e.g. ‘ghpb-v1.0.1.0.tar.gz’ |
| Modify the file permission | Command: **sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x* **–R** |
| Copy the program to the executable path | Command: **sudo cp** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x/\* /home/ghpb-bin/* |
| **Step 4** | Node Launch | Node Launch | Please see Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup for detailed BOE node launch commands, and Chapter 5: Synchronized Node Setup for synchronized node launch commands. |

## 8.4 Example of Update through the Executable File

(1) Stop HPB Program

**Stop Option 1**:

Enter ‘exit’

**Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 1 for Node Launch.

> exit

**Stop Option 2:**

Command ‘sudo killall ghpb’.

root@hpb-PowerEdge-R730xd:/home/ghpb-bin2# killall ghpb

**Tip**: This is suitable for users choosing Option 2 for Node Launch.

(2) Confirm the MainNet Download Path

Switch to root user: Enter ‘su root’, and enter the account password as prompted;

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/$ su root

Password:

Choose the download path: Enter ‘cd /home/’. ‘/home/’ can be replaced with the specified path;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730: ~$ cd /home/

(3) Download and Decompress HPB Executable Program  
Download the HPB MainNet executable program: Enter ‘**sudo git clone** [*https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release*](https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release)’ to download the MainNet Executable program;

root@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home# sudo git clone https://github.com/hpb-project/hpb-release

Cloning into 'hpb-release'...

remote: Counting objects: 32, done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.

Unpacking objects: 100% (32/32), done.

Checking connectivity... done.

Check the HPB MainNet program: Enter ‘**cd** *hpb-release***/***bin/*’ then enter ‘ls’, check the latest version of the MainNet;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/# cd hpb-release/bin/

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/bin# ls

ghpb-v0.0.0.1.tar.gz ghpb-v1.0.0.0.tar.gz ghpb-v1.0.1.0.tar.gz

Enter ‘**sudo** **tar zxvf** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x.tar.gz*’ to decompress file ‘ghpb-v*x.x.x.x*.tar.gz’.

‘*x.x.x.x’* refers to the version number of HPB software, which should be changed to the highest version number (Example1.0.1.0 shown above).

Modify the file permission: Enter ‘**sudo chmod +x** *ghpb-vx.x.x.x* **–R**’,

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo tar zxvf ghpb-v1.0.1.0.tar.gz

ghpb-v1.0.1.0/

ghpb-v1.0.1.0/iperf3

ghpb-v1.0.1.0/ghpb

hpb@dell-PowerEdge-R730:/hpb-release/bin$ sudo chmod +x ghpb-v1.0.1.0 -R

Copy the program to the executable path: Enter ‘**sudo cp** *ghpb-vX.X.X.X/\* /home/ghpb-bin/*’,

‘/home/ghpb-bin/’ is the path you set;

root@ dell-PowerEdge-R730:/home/hpb-release/bin# sudo cp ghpb-v1.0.1.0/\* /home/ghpb-bin/

(4) Launch the Node

Please see Chapter 4: BOE Node Setup for detailed BOE node launch commands, and Chapter 5: Synchronized Node Setup for synchronized node launch commands.

# Annex Technical Support

If you require further technical assistance, please contact our HPB Staff by one of the following methods:

Hot-line service：+86 021-5895 9195 (China)

E-mail: [node@hpb.io](mailto:node@hpb.io)

HPB Official Website：<http://www.hpb.io/>

Telegram：<https://t.me/hpbglobal>

Facebook：HPB Blockchain

Twitter: @HPB\_Global

Reddit: r/HPB\_Global

Alternatively, you may scan the QR code below to contact our HPB community associates:



HPB Global